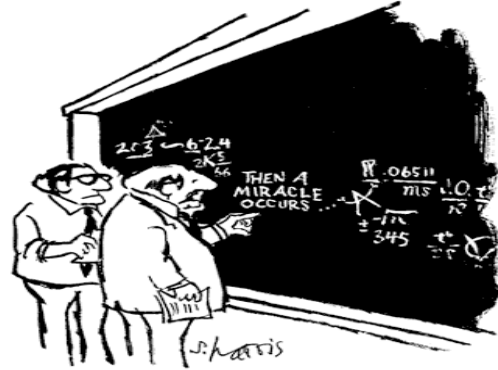


Topics:

1. Integers
2. Absolute value
3. Order of Operations
4. Evaluating Algebraic Expressions



Evaluate:

1) $7 - 9$

2) $-6 - (-11)$

3) $-8 + 12$

4) $20 - (-8)$

5) $-11 - (-9)$

6) $7 - (-7)$

7) $-12 - 12$

8) $-3 + -3$

9) $(-9)(4)$

10) $16 \div -2$

11) $(-6)^2$

12) -2^4

13) $(-1)^{79}$

14) $5 - (-6)$

15) $|-5|$

16) $-|6|$

17) $|-6 - 8|$

18) 9^0

19) $(-2)^3$

20) $(-4)(-5)(-3)$

21) What is the opposite of 12?

22) What is the opposite of -3?

Always, Sometimes, or Never?

23) A counting number is a whole number _____

24) An integer is a whole number _____

25) $n^8 < 0$ _____

26) A whole number is an integer _____

For #27 – 30 Let p represent a positive integer and n represent a negative integer.

27) $n^2 > n$ _____ 28) $|n| < |p|$ _____ 29) $-n < 0$ _____

30) $n + p < p$ _____

Use the order of operations to simplify each expression: (Show your work!)

(31) $-5[8 \div 2^2(-3)]$



(32) $-15(-2) \div 3(-2) + (-3)$



(33) $-25 - [-7 - (4^2 + 6)]$

(34) $-2[-3^2 + 2(5 - 2^3)]$

(35) $-3^3(-2)^2 - [5(18 - 2(-3)^2)]$

(36) $3[3(-2)(-5 - 2)] - 3^3$



Evaluate each expression for $a = -4$, $b = -5$, $x = -2$, $y = -3$

(37) $-4y - b^0$

(38) $(4b)^2$

(39) $-b^2$

(40) $2b^2 + 5x$

(41) $8x + 2y - (-x)$

(42) $4x - (-y)^2 + (-3)$

(43) $4x^3 - 2y^2 + (xy)^2$

Answers:

- 1. -2
- 2. 5
- 3. 4
- 4. 28
- 5. -2
- 6. 14
- 7. -24
- 8. -6
- 9. -36
- 10. -8
- 11. 36
- 12. -16
- 13. -1
- 14. 11

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- 15. 5
 - 16. -6
 - 17. 14
 - 18. 1
 - 19. -8
 - 20. -60
 - 21. -12
 - 22. 3
 - 23. A
 - 24. S
 - 25. N
 - 26. A
 - 27. A
 - 28. S
 - 29. N

-
- 30. A
 - 31. 30
 - 32. -23
 - 33. 4
 - 34. 30
 - 35. -108
 - 36. 99
 - 37. 11
 - 38. 400
 - 39. -25
 - 40. 40
 - 41. -24
 - 42. -20
 - 43. -14